# Optiset

### 1.25Gbps Single Mode WDM SFP 36dB Transceiver

### Features

- CWDM DFB Laser diode transmitter
- InGaAs PIN photodiode receiver
- Meet SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with single SC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Hot-pluggable
- 36dB Power Budget at Least

### Application

- a. ATM
- b. SONET/SDH
- c. Gigabit Ethernet

### General

SFP-WDM51.36, SFP-WDM57.36 is small form factor pluggable module for Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-BX and Fiber Channel single fiber communications by using 1510nm/1570nm transmitter and 1570nm/1510nm receiver. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

\*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter			Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature		TA	SFP-WDM51.36 SFP-WDM57.36	-5		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage			V <sub>cc</sub>	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current			Icc			300	mA
Date Rate	FC				1.063		Gbps
	GBE				1.25		Gbps

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Parame	eter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
			Trans	mitter			
LVPE Inputs(Diffe		Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs* <sup>(note1)</sup>
Input Impe (Differer		Zin	85	100	115	ohm	Rin > 100 kohm @ DC
TY Di-	Disabl e		2		Vcc		
TX_Dis	Enabl e		0		0.8	V	
	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
TX_FAULT	Norm al		0		0.5		
			Rece	eiver			
LVPECL Outputs (Differential)		Vout	370		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs* <sup>(note1)</sup>
Output Impedance (Differential)		Zout	85	100	115	ohm	
RX_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
MOD DEF	(0.2)	VoH	2.5			V	With Serial ID
	(0.2)	VoL	0		0.5	V	

### **Performance Specifications - Electrical**

# Performance Specifications – Optical SFP-WDM51.36

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L	140			km	
Data Rate		1.063		1.25	Gbps	
	Transmitte	er				
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>c</sub>	1504	1510	1517	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Output Power*(note2)	Pout	+2		+5	dBm	
Extinction Ratio*(note3)	ER	8.2			dB	
Rise/Fall Time(20% $\sim$ 80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Total Jitter	TJ			56.5	ps	
Output Optical Eye*(note3)	Compa	atible with	IEEE 802.3	3ah-2004	*(note5)	
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us	
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>c</sub>	1564	1570	1577	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity*(note4)	Pmin			-34	dBm	

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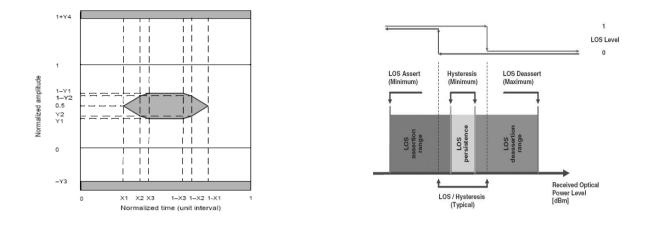
		1		1	
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-8			dBm
Return Loss		14			dB
Optical Path Penalty				1	dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note6)		0.5			dB
SFP-WDM57.36					
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L	140			km
Data Rate		1.063		1.25	Gbps
	Transmitte	er			
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>c</sub>	1564	1570	1577	nm
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB
Average Output Power*(note2)	Pout	+2		+5	dBm
Extinction Ratio*(note3)	ER	8.2			dB
Rise/Fall Time(20% $\sim$ 80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns
Total Jitter	TJ			56.5	ps
Output Optical Eye*(note3)	Comp	atible with	IEEE 802.3	3ah-2004	*(note5)
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm
	Receive	r			
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>c</sub>	1504	1510	1517	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*(note4)	Pmin			-34	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-8			dBm
Return Loss		14			dB
Optical Path Penalty				1	dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note6)		0.5			dB

Note1: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

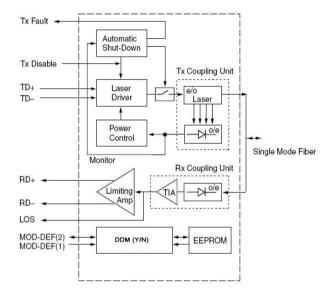
Note2: Output is coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber. Note3: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern@1250Mbps Note4: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2<sup>7</sup>-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note5: Eye pattern mask Note6: LOS Hysteresis

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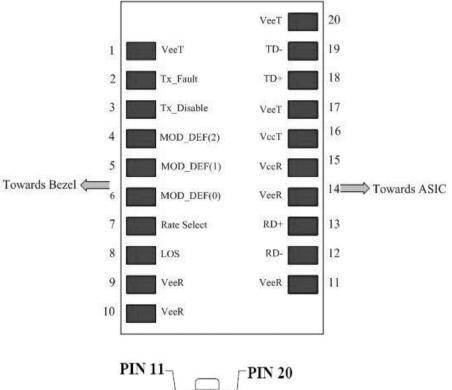


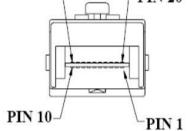
### **Functional Description of Transceiver**



### SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout

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### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin Num.	Name	FUNCTION	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD- DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD- DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD- DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available

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8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
-		-	1	/
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data	3	6)
		Out	-	- /
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	7)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	3.3 ± 5%, 7)
16	VccT Transmitter Power		2	3.3 ± 5%, 7)
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

#### Notes

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7K - 10K \Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR (see Section IV for further details). Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185 –1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 - 2400 mV (250 - 1200 mV single-ended),

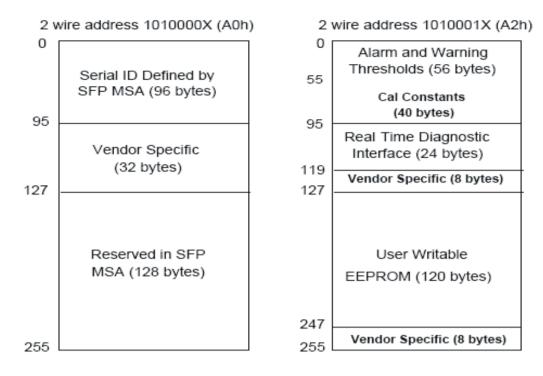
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though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 – 600mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.

#### **EEPROM**

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not writing protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bidirectional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. The diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



### **EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents**

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X (A0H). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1.

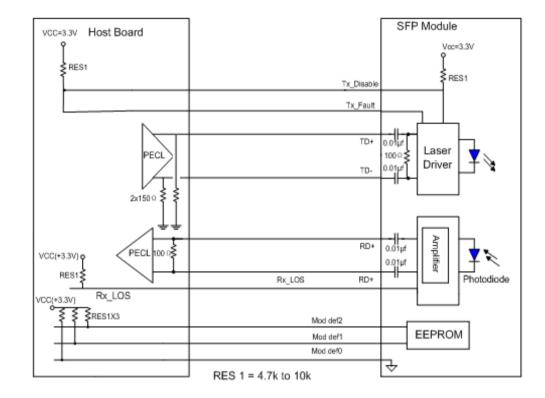
Table 1	Serial	<b>ID Memory</b>	Contents
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Addr.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description						
	BASE ID FIELDS									
0 1 Identifier		03	SFP							
1			04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only						
2	1	Connector	XX	SC Connector						
3-10	3-10 8 Transceiver		00 00 00 22 00 00 00 00	Transmitter Code						
11	1	Encoding	01	8B10B						
12	1 BR, Nominal		0D	1.25Gbps						
13	1	Reserved	00							
14	1	Length (9µm)km	78							
15	1	Length(9µm)100m	00	Transceiver transmit						
16	1	Length (50µm) 10m	00	distance						
17	1	Length(62.5µm)10m	00							
18	1	Length (Copper)	00	Not compliant						
19	1	Reserved	00							
20-35	16	Vendor name	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX <sup>(note9)</sup> 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Vendor name (ASCII)						

1	Paparud	20	
1	Deserved		
	Reserved	00	
3	Vendor OUI	XX XX XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	
16	Vendor PN		Transceiver part number
4	Vendor rev	XX XX XX XX XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	
2	Wavelength	XX XX	1550nm/1490nm 1510nm/1570nm
1	Reserved	00	
1	CC_BASE	Check Sum (Variable)	Check code for Base ID Fields
	EXTENDE	D ID FIELDS	
2	Options	00 1A	TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT and Loss of Signal implemented.
1	BR,max	00	· · ·
1	BR,min	00	
16	Vendor SN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 <sup>(note9)</sup>	Serial Number of transceiver (ASCII). For example "B000822".
8	Date code	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	Manufactory date code. For example "080405".
1	Diagnostic Monitoring Type	XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	Digital diagnostic monitoring implemented
1	Enhanced Options	XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	Optional flags
1	SFF_8472 Compliance	XX <sup>(note9)</sup>	01 for diagnostics (Rev9.3 SFF-8472).
1	CC_EXT	Check Sum (Variable)	Check sum for Extended ID Field.
	VENDOR SPE	CIFIC ID FIELDS	
			Depende en quetemor
32	Vendor Specific	Read only	Depends on customer information
	4 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	4Vendor rev2Wavelength1Reserved1CC_BASEEXTENDE2Options1BR,max1BR,min16Vendor SN8Date code1Diagnostic Monitoring Type1Enhanced Options1SFF_8472 Compliance1CC_EXT	4Vendor revXX XX XX XX XX (note9)2WavelengthXX XX1Reserved001CC_BASECheck Sum (Variable)EXTENDED ID FIELDS2Options00 1A1BR,max001BR,min001BR,min001BR,min001BR,min008Date codeXX XX

Note9: The "xx" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

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### **Recommended Circuit Schematic**

**Mechanical Specifications** 

